1. 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2(y^2 + 1)$$
, gen soln:  $y = \tan(x^3 + C)$ 

a) Verify that this y satisfies the given differential equation.

[Hint: recall that  $tan' = sec^2$ ,  $tan^2 + 1 = sec^2$ .]

b) Find the solution which satisfies the initial condition y(0) = 1.

Organize your work as though you were playing professor.

2. a) Choose *appropriately* named variables and write a differential equation that models the situation:

"The acceleration of a Lamborghini is proportional to the difference between 250 km/h and the velocity of the car."

- b) What sign should your constant of proportionality have?
- c) OPTIONAL. Does this DE make sense for v > 250 or v < 0? Explain.

## **▶** solution