MAT2500-01/04 19S Quiz 2 Print Name (Last, First) $\qquad$
Show all work, including mental steps, in a clearly organized way that speaks for itself. Use proper mathematical notation, identifying expressions by their proper symbols (introducing them if necessary), and use EQUAL SIGNS and arrows when appropriate. Always SIMPLIFY expressions. BOX final short answers. LABEL parts of problem. Keep answers EXACT (but give decimal approximations for interpretation). Indicate where technology is used and what type (Maple, GC).

Given three points $\mathrm{P}_{1}(2,1,1), \mathrm{P}_{2}(-1,3,1), \mathrm{P}_{3}(1,1,3)$ and the parallelopiped formed from their three position vectors $\overrightarrow{\boldsymbol{r}}_{1}, \overrightarrow{\boldsymbol{r}}_{2}, \overrightarrow{\boldsymbol{r}}_{3}$. [Note $\overrightarrow{\boldsymbol{r}}_{1}, \overrightarrow{\boldsymbol{r}}_{3}$ form the front face of this object, with $\overrightarrow{\boldsymbol{r}}_{2}$ extending backwards from this face.]
a) Write the parametrized equations of the line $L_{1}$ through the top right edge of the parallelopiped as shown. [What is the simplest position vector $\overrightarrow{\boldsymbol{r}}_{0}$ of a point on the line? What is the orientation $\overrightarrow{\boldsymbol{a}}$ of the line?] b) Find a normal vector $\overrightarrow{\boldsymbol{n}}$ for the plane $\mathbb{P}_{\text {top }}$ which contains the top face of the parallelepiped shown in the figure (containing $P_{3}, L_{1}$ ).
c) Write the simplified equation for this plane.
d) Find the scalar projection $h$ of $\overrightarrow{r_{3}}$ along $\overrightarrow{\boldsymbol{n}}$.
e) Evaluate the area $A$ of the bottom face of the parallelogram, a parallelogram formed by the edges $\vec{r}_{1}, \vec{r}_{2}$
f) Does the volume $\mathrm{V}=|h| A$ of the parallelopiped equal the triple scalar product $\left|\overrightarrow{\boldsymbol{r}_{3}} \cdot\left(\overrightarrow{\boldsymbol{r}_{1}} \times \overrightarrow{\boldsymbol{r}_{2}}\right)\right|$ as it should?

